Sample Record Retention and Destruction Policies

These policies cover all records regardless of physical form or characteristics which have been made or received by {Nonprofit Name} in the course of doing business.

I. Purpose of policies

These policies provide for the systematic review, retention and destruction of records received or created by {Nonprofit Name} in connection with the transaction of business. These policies cover all records, regardless of physical form, contain guidelines for how long certain records should be kept and how records should be destroyed.

These policies are designed to ensure compliance with federal and state laws and regulations, to eliminate accidental or innocent destruction of records and to facilitate {Nonprofit Name}’s operations by promoting efficiency and freeing up valuable storage space. Included in the federal laws necessitating compliance with these policies is the Sarbanes-Oxley Act ("The American Competitiveness and Corporate Accountability Act of 2002"), which makes it a crime to alter, cover up, falsify, or destroy any document with the intent of impeding or obstructing any official proceeding.

II. Records covered

These policies apply to all records in any form, including electronic documents.

A record is any material that contains information about {Nonprofit Name}’s plans, results, policies or performance. Anything that can be represented with words or numbers is a business record for purposes of these policies.

Electronic documents must be retained as if they were paper documents. Therefore, any electronic files, including information received on line, that fall into one of the document types on the schedule must be maintained for the appropriate amount of time. [For example, if a user has sufficient reason to keep an email message, the message should be printed in hard copy and kept in the appropriate file or moved to an “archive” computer file folder.] [Backup and recovery methods will be tested on a regular basis.]

III. Record Retention

{Nonprofit Name} follows the document retention procedures outlined below. Documents that are not listed, but are substantially similar to those listed in the schedule will be retained for the appropriate length of time.
A. Permanent Retention

_Permanent records_—Permanent records are records required by law to be permanently retained and which are ineligible for destruction at any time for any reason. These records are necessary for the continuity of business and the protection of the rights and interests of the organization and of individuals. These include records such as organizational documents (Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws), Board minutes and policies, federal and state tax exempt status and independent audits.

_No record, whether or not referenced, may be destroyed if in any way the records refer to, concern, arise out of or in any other way are involved in pending or threatened litigation._

_While the listings below contain commonly recognized categories of records, the list should not be considered as having identified all records that [Nonprofit name] may need to consider for permanent and non-permanent status. In particular, and as noted above, any documents that are, or may be involved in pending or threatened litigation, must be retained. The nonprofit’s legal counsel should be asked to assist in determining what records must be retained._

**Corporate Records – Permanent**

- Annual Reports to Secretary of State/Attorney General
- Articles of Incorporation
- Board Meeting and Board Committee Minutes
- Board Policies/Resolutions
- By-laws
- Construction Documents
- Fixed Asset Records
- IRS Application for Tax-Exempt Status (Form 1023)
- IRS Determination Letter
- State Sales Tax Exemption Letter

**Accounting and Corporate Tax Records - Permanent**

- Annual Audits and Financial Statements
- Depreciation Schedules
- General Ledgers
- IRS 990 Tax Returns

**Bank records - Permanent**

- Check Registers
Payroll and Employment Tax Records – Permanent

Payroll Registers
State Unemployment Tax Records

Employee Records – Permanent

Employment and Termination Agreements
Retirement and Pension Plan Documents

Legal, Insurance and Safety Records - Permanent

Appraisals
Copyright Registrations
Environmental Studies
Insurance Policies
Real Estate Documents
Stock and Bond Records
Trademark Registrations

B. Non-permanent retention

*Non-permanent records*—Certain records are not required by law to be permanently retained and may be destroyed after the passage of certain years or upon the passing of events as defined by these policies.

*Notwithstanding the listing of documents below, no record, whether or not referenced may be destroyed if in any way the records refer to, concern, arise out of or in any other way are involved in pending or threatened litigation.*

Corporate Records

Contracts (after expiration) 7 years
Correspondence (general) 3 years

Accounting and Corporate Tax Records

Business Expense Records 7 years
IRS 1099s 7 years
Journal Entries 7 years
Invoices 7 years
Sales Records (box office, concessions, gift shop) 5 years
Petty Cash Vouchers 3 years
Cash Receipts 3 years
Credit Card Receipts 3 years

**Bank Records**

Bank Deposit Slips 7 years
Bank Statements and Reconciliation 7 years
Electronic Fund Transfer Documents 7 years

**Payroll and Employment Tax Records**

Earnings Records 7 years
Garnishment Records 7 years
Payroll Tax returns 7 years
W-2 Statements 7 years

**Employee Records**

Records Relating to Promotion, Demotion or Discharge 7 years after termination
Accident Reports and Worker’s Compensation Records 5 years after termination of claim
Salary Schedules 5 years
Employment Applications 3 years
I-9 Forms 3 years after termination
Time Cards 2 years

**Legal, Insurance and Safety Records**

Donor Records and Acknowledgement Letters 7 years
Grant Applications and Contracts 5 years after completion
Leases 6 years after expiration
OSHA Documents 5 years
General Contracts 4 years after termination

**IV. Emergency Planning**

[Nonprofit Name]’s records will be stored in a safe, secure and accessible manner. All documents and financial files that are essential to keeping [Nonprofit Name] operating in an emergency will be duplicated or backed up at least every week and maintained off site. All other documents and financial files will be duplicated or backed up periodically as identified by the Chief Financial Officer or other person as designated by the Chief Professional Officer and maintained off-site.
VI. Document Destruction

[Nonprofit Name] Chief Financial Officer or other representative as designated by the Chief Professional Officer is responsible for the ongoing process of identifying its records which have met the required retention period and overseeing their destruction. Destruction of financial and personnel-related documents will be accomplished by shredding.

Document destruction will be suspended immediately, upon any indication of an official investigation or when a lawsuit is filed or appears imminent. Destruction will be reinstated upon conclusion of the investigation or claim, whichever is latest.

VII. Compliance

Failure on the part of employees to follow this policy can result in possible civil and criminal sanctions against [Nonprofit Name] and its employees and possible disciplinary action against responsible individuals. The Chief Financial Officer or individual designated by the Chief Professional Officer and Finance Committee chair will periodically review these procedures with legal counsel or the organization’s certified public accountant to ensure that they are in compliance with new or revised regulations.

Questions concerning these policies, the applicability of certain records to the retention or destruction policies, must be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer or other individual as designated by the Chief Professional Officer.